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HAC BRIEFING

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BACKGROUND PIECE OF BURTE

- 1. Tunisian-French agreement 17 June providing for evacuation of social 9,000 French forces from a desen bases has reduced tensions markefly. Some 13,000 French troops remain at Bizerte base, status of which is to be negotiated later.
 - A. Diplomatic relations normalized 22 June by return of French:
 Ambassador to Tunis and opening negotiations on complex of
 problems arising from 8 February French bombing of Enkiet
 Sidi Younget.
 - B. Orderly French evacuation commenced 23 June; scheduled for completion in four months but may be concluded seoner. Tunisians fear French vandalism at permanent installations, which would sour Biserte negotiations.
 - C. Despite current optimism over 17 June accord, Tunisians will ultimately demand evacuation of all but essential technicians from Bizerte. Bourguiba has warned that "if necessary, we will resume the battle."
- II. Moreocan-French negotiations for partial French evacuation undersay.

 Moreoco demands French declaration it is evacuating troops. After
 this declaration Moreoco will permit mone French troops to remain
 and will consent to French retention of military training bases.
 - A. French apparently are saking for 18 bases—including five jointly operated with Ri-but probably sould reduce to six or eight.

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Approved For Release 2001/03/04: CIA-RDP79R00890A001000020014-9 B. Meroccan King has indicated to French Ambassador his pique them: Tunisian accord was concluded first; he claimed Morocco had been more reasonable than Tunisia in seeking French evacuatio: with "only the result of being less successful." III. Meanwhile, both Tunisia and Morocco will continue to support Algerian independence -- including greating Algerian rebels bases and facilitating robols' acquisition of arms -- thoroby procluding possibility of early establishment of good relations with France. A. At tripartite meeting in Tomis 17-31 June, Algerian, Moroccas and Tenisian leaders restfirmed Algeria's right to "severeigsty and independence," provided for establishment of a "provisional consultative assembly" as step toward eventual Maghrebian (North African) federation, but again avoided issue of an Algeriae government-in-oxile. In Algeria meither recent takeover by military and extremist mottlers IV. nor subsequent return to power in Paris of De Gaulie has lessened determination of Algorian Mational Liberation Front (FLE) to continue guerrilla war until France recognimes Algeria's right to independence. FLH has categorically rejected integration of Algeria with France; wight soft pedal independence if offered selfdetermination. A. But FLH is concerned about possible adverse effects on its demostic and international positions of De Gaulle's promise of political equality for Algerian Moslows. 1. The is attempting step up terrorist and governilla operations to show presence and strength of FLE and been Mesieu wave term in line. Approved For Release 2001/03/04: CTA-RDP79R00890A001000020014-9



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- B. Clashes with French in eastern border area down over few weaths ago -- as result concentration French power there -- but continue in interior.
- C. Apparent French success in cutting flow arms and men across Tunisian-Algurian frontier likely to lead to increased rebel use Moroccas channels. If serious material shortages develop, FLN may attempt—with Caixo's help—air lifting essential supplies.